Dennis J Solomon, pro per 7 75 North Main Street #552 2 Randolph, MA 02368 Phone 508-394-9221 3 Fax: 617-890-1947 horwitzdw@gmail.com 4 5 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CENTRAL PROBATE DIVISION 6 ) Case No.: BP153887 7 In Re 8 [PROBATE] THE DOROTHY HORWITZ FAMILY TRUST. DATED MARCH 6, 2012 9 ) Honorable: Judge Maria E. Stratton ) Department: 5 10 ) Action Filed: July 17, 2014 11 ) Revised Date: October 11, 2016 12 ) Time: 10:00 AM 13 ) PETITIONER PRO PER SOLOMON'S NOTICE & MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT 14 OF MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL 15 16 17 18 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on October 11, 2016 at 10:00 a.m., or as soon thereafter as 19 the matter may be heard, in Department 5 of this court, located at , 111 N Hill St, Los Angeles, CA 20 90012, Petitioner pro per Dennis Solomon, will, and hereby does, move for an new trial in the 21 above-captioned matter, or in the alternative, this Court order of August 23, 2016 be vacated, and 22 that the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust be distributed in accordance with the explicit terms of its Article 5.3(a) to Murray and Dennis Solomon, with a cash bequest of \$25,000 to Nicolas Sanchez. 23 The motion will be made on the grounds present in the accompanying Memorandum and 24 Exhibits of material errors of fact and law by the Court. 25

The motion will be based on this notice of motion, and the supporting memorandum served and filed herewith, on the Petitioner Trial Exhibits 1-55 previously lodged with and in the possession

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-	of the Court, records and file herein, and on such evidence as may be presented at the hearing of
2	the motion.
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4	Respectfully submitted on September 6, 201,
5	DUNIN J. SOLOMON  By:  DENNIS SOLOMON, Petitioner, pro per
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# DECLARATION OF SERVICE

I certify under penalties of perjury under the Laws of California, that I have caused the aforementioned documents to be served upon Respondent's counsel Margaret Morrow, and counsel requesting special notice by email or electronic fax on or before May 24, 2016 and caused to be served by U.S. mail upon the following parties identified, on or before March 24, 2016.

By: Dennis J. Solomon

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### 1 TABLE OF CONTENTS 2 BACKGROUND ..... 3 LACKING OF STANDING OF RESPONDENT TRUSTEE LOUIE ...... <u>II.</u> 4 III. ERROR OF FACT: NO INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE DOROTHY HORWITZ FAMILY TRUST WAS 5 INTRODUCED OR AUTHENTICATED AT TRIAL..... 6 IV. CLEAR ERRORS OF MATERIAL TRIAL FINDINGS OF FACT......5 ERROR OF LAW: LACK OF DUE EXECUTION - REGARDING THE INITIAL BURDEN OF PROOF OF THE 7 DUE EXECUTION OF A WILL/TRUST INSTRUMENT......6 8 ERROR OF FACT: AUTHENTICATION OF SIGNATURES - NO PERSON WITH PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE VI. 9 10 ERROR OF FACT: FRAUD, FORGERY AND SUBORNING PERJURY RELATED TO THE 'ADUMDUM" -VII. CONTEMPT OF THE COURT BY RESPONDENT COUNSEL.......6 11 VIII. ERROR OF FACT: CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE IS THAT THE TWO ADDENDUM DOCUMENTS 12 DO NOT RELATE TO ANY OF SIGNED PAGES OF THE ADUMDUM......9 13 ERROR OF LAW: UNDUE INFLUENCE - GENERAL STANDARD OF BURDEN OF PROOF & CAL PROBATE IX. CODE §21380 ......9 14 BREACH OF TRUST: UNDUE INFLUENCE. FRAUD. FORGERY & LACK OF CAPACITY: THE SUCCESSOR-15 TRUSTEE TO ENGAGED IN ACTIVITY ADVERSE TO THE INTERESTS OF THE NAMED BENEFICIARIES OF THE 16 TRUST 10 <u>XI.</u> EVIDENCE OF SIGNATURE FORGERY..... 17 XII. UNDUE INFLUENCE - NO EVIDENCE OF PRIOR DONATIONS TO NEW CHARITIES.......13 18 STANDARDS FOR PRO SE TRIALS..... XIII. 19 XIV. PREJUDICE OF THE COURT ..... 20 XV. DANGEROUS PRECEDENTS & SUMMARY..... 21 22 23 24 25 26

27

### **CASES & STATUTES**

Lombardi v. Citizens Nat. Trust & Sav. Bank (1951) 137 Cal App.2d 206	14
Vaughn v. Mun. Ct.(1967) 252 CA2d 348, 358, 60 CR 575, 581	
Bowles v. Superior Court (1955)	
BP §6068(c)(d	
Brausen v Holonyne, LASC BC389984	
Cal Evid. Code § 1416	14
Cal Evid. Code § 805	14
Cal Penal §127	
Cal Penal §653f(a)	9
Cal Prob Code §16000- 16015	
Cal. Prob. §8252(a)	(
Common Cause v. Board of Supervisors (1989) 49 Cal.3d 432,	
Conservatorship of Davidson (2003) 113 Cal.App.4th 1035, 1059	10
Estate of Ben-Ali, 216 Cal.App.4th 1026 (2013	
Estate of Sarabia(1990), 221 Cal.App.3d 599	
Estate of Swetmann (2000), 85 Cal.App.4th 807	
Gov Code § 8225	- 
<u>Graham v. Lenzi</u> (1995) 37 Cal.App.4th 248, 257	
In <u>David v. Hermann,</u> 129 Cal.App.4th 672 (2005)	9
in <u>Estate of Ben-Ali</u> , 216 Cal.App.4th 1026 (2013)	
LASC RULE 3.205(b)	
Rice v. Clark, supra, 28 Cal.4th 89, 97	
Ross v. Figueroa (2006) 139 Cal.App.4th 856; 43 Cal. Rptr. 3d 289	
Vickers v. State Bar (1948) 32 C2d 247	{
<u>Waite v. Goodfrey</u> (1980) 106 Cal.App.3d 760	14

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"Look outside the window, there's a woman being grabbed
They've dragged her to the bushes and now she's being stabbed
Maybe we should call the cops and try to stop the pain
But Monopoly is so much fun, I'd hate to blow the game
And I'm sure it wouldn't interest anybody
Outside of a small circle of friends" Phil Ochs, 1967.

### **MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF PETITIONER'S MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL**

#### I. BACKGROUND

On November 25, 2013, my eight-four year old (84) devoted and Jewish Aunt Dorothy Horwitz passed away at Garden Crest Hospice from an overdose of the dangerous combination of opiates and benzodiazepine (hydromorphone and Lorazepam) when, after obtaining her signature on bank documents giving him unfettered access to her accounts, her accountant Hoover Louie, in conspiracy with his attorney brother-in-law Joe Ling and others, substituted a high potency opiate for the ibuprofen she self-administered. Their criminal scheme included grand larceny of rare Judaica, theft of U.S. Defense-related documents for foreign entities, personal enrichment and their ingratiation with long standing, anti-Israel enemies of the Horwitz/Solomon family.

As cover for their actions, successor-trustee Louie sent the three beneficiaries of the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust, a crude, disjointed 'adumdum' purported to bequeath nearly the entire Horwitz Estate including rare <u>Judaica jewelry and art</u> to her former co-worker Rose Aparicio and the Catholic American Syrian Lebanese Associated Charities whose Boston directors are quiet supporters of the anti-Israel BDS movement.

One year earlier in 2012, my Aunt Dorothy (my Uncle and Aunt were childless) updated their joint trust as the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust, drafted and duly executed with her local Estate Attorney Kevin Chui. In its Article 5.3(a) it bequeathed the bulk of the Horwitz Estate to equally to my brother Murray and I, "her nephews"; additionally making a small cash bequest (\$25,000) to Nicolas Sanchez and unnamed charities. Both my Aunt Dorothy and Uncle Walter, who she adored, discussed with me at length their wish that scholarships and research be established in the family name at their favorite U.S. Veterans, Navy, Jewish and medical charities, particularly the U.S. Navy Chaplain's Fund - my Uncle Walter chose to be buried at sea by the U.S Navy, his 2<sup>nd</sup> love.

At the time of her death, my Aunt Dorothy had been looking forward to my visit in a few

weeks, and among other things, an update on a retrospective of my late Uncle Walter Horwitz's original art at his alma mater, Massachusetts College of Art and the University of Nevada Las Vegas, where they were married. As Dorothy had done for nearly fifty years, she had conversed with my 93 year old Mother a week or so earlier, who was also looking forward to the retrospective of her brother's art work. My Father had a career as a pilot for TWA, often flying the LAX-TLV (Los Angeles – Tel Aviv 747 route). My Father (and Mother) would often stay with Dorothy and Walter, as did I during my annual visits to the Southwest.

At Trial, I presented readily verifiable evidence in support of the above facts, and that the Horwitz/Solomon has long history actively participating and contributing to the protection of our freedoms as Americans and Jews worldwide. My great-uncle H. Horwitz was close with distant cousin Henry Hurwitz, founding the Minnesota Chapter of the Menorah Society in the early 1900s. His son, Henry Hurwitz, Jr. was a scientist who developed the hydrogen atomic bomb in the Manhattan Project and the nuclear reactors for the U.S. Navy Seawolf submarines who integrated the Solomon MIT/Harvard circle of scientists including my Father, a U.S. Navy WWII veteran, who assisted Ezer Weizman and Al Schwimmer, life-long family friends, in the founding of the Israeli Air Force. 

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Additionally, I presented articles from the historic Jewish Advocate newpapers<sup>4</sup> documenting the close relationship between my Grandfather, Morris Horwitz and our first cousin, the renowed Cantor Pierre Pinchik<sup>5</sup>. I testified that it was our custom to listen during my visits to listen to records of Cantor Pinchik in the Horwitz home. (Rose Aparicio deposed that she found record albums of Cantor Pinchik and sent them to Murray Solomon).

I also testified to the JNF (Jewish National Fund) "Blue Box": which I observed was always on their kitchen counter. Cantor Pinchik anchored a famous JNF benefit concert in 1942 with Harry Ellis Dickson, father of Massachusetts First Lady Kitty Dukakis.

Dorothy's Jewishness was also affirmed in deposition by adverse witnesses Rose Aparicio

Harvard Crimson, April, 1923

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New York Times, April 16, 1992

Above & Beyond, 2015 documentary by Nancy Spielberg and Spielberg Foundation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Cantor Pinchik Hosts 50<sup>th</sup> Wedding Anniversity of his first cousins, the Horwitz, Jewish Advocate, 1928 Cantor Pinchik with Boston Symphony violinist Harry Ellis Dickson, Featured at Most Successful JNF Charity Event, Jewish Advocate, 1942

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Milken Foundation, Santa Monica, CA, Cantor Pierre Pinchik

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and notary Doris Tucker, who purportedly only had one short encounter with Dorothy seven days before she died. Respondent has not contested or controverted these facts.

I further testified to my close personal relationship with my Aunt and Uncle, including my annual visits until the sequelae of an accident limited my travel from 2007-2011, and an illness, Lyme disease and nerve palsy from 2014-2015. In 2012, I traveled to Las Vegas and California in conjunction with the Live Design show where I met with UNLV Professor Brackley Frayer regarding a retrospective of my Uncle Walter's artwork and scholarship in the Horwitz name and proudly communicated this to my Aunt Dorothy. My special relationship with my Aunt Dorothy was affirmed during Summary Judgment by the deposition of adverse witness Rose Aparicio who deposed that "(Dennis) was among the first persons Dorothy contacted after being diagnosed (with terminal cancer)" and of course, by the 2012 Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust, which affirms my Aunt Dorothy's love and respect for her nephews, my brother and myself, one year before her death.

Respondents produced only one witness with personal knowledge, Nicolas Sanchez, who testified that he once drove Dorothy and his mother, Rose Aparicio, a former co-worker, to the doctors, and saw her when she visited their home, but otherwise he had no individual relationship Dorothy. He testified he had no reason to believe he would receive 1/3 of the Horwitz Estate.

Respondent presented no evidence or witnesses which controverts my testimony, suggests that my Aunt Dorothy became upset with me after 2012, or provides an iota of reason, justification or insight into my Aunt Dorothy's radical abandonment of all Jewish and U.S. Navy charities as well as her nephews. This is simply because there is none.

This Court's finding, (Ms. Maria Stratton, judge), and its conclusions of law are so bizarre as to strongly suggest extreme coercion or corruption – not unexpected where the Respondents, counsel and perpetrators have strong ties to Asian and Mexican racketeering enterprises.

This Petitioner requests that this Court grant a new trial, or in the alternative, reconsider its ruling of August 3, 2016, and find that the Respondents produced no evidence to authenticate the 'adumdum'; no evidence that supports a change of heart by Trustor Dorothy Horwitz; and that the duly-executed 2012 Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust expresses the true intentions of Dorothy Horwitz.,

### **ERRORS OF FACT AND LAW IN THE RULING OF AUGUST 3, 2013**

### II. LACKING OF STANDING OF RESPONDENT TRUSTEE LOUIE

In <u>Babbitt V. Superior Court Of Los Angeles County</u>, B263917, Court of Appeals of California, Second District, Division Seven. Filed April 25, 2016, the Court found:

"Contentions based on a lack of standing involve jurisdictional challenges and may be raised at any time in the proceeding." (Common Cause v. Board of Supervisors (1989) 49 Cal.3d 432, 438; see Sanowicz v. Bacal (2015) 234 Cal.App.4th 1027, 1043 [lack of standing "is a nonwaivable jurisdictional defect"]; Drake v. Pinkham (2013) 217 Cal.App.4th 400, 407 (Drake) ["`"the issue of standing is so fundamental that it need not even be raised below—let alone decided—as a prerequisite to our consideration""].)

Neither the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust nor Respondent successor-trusteeLouie have any interest, benefit or standing to object to the Petition to Invalidate the Addendum. Doing so Respondent seriously breaches his legal duty to be an 'impartial' trustee to the beneficiaries, required under California Probate Law §16003. As unanimously recognized in <u>Bowles v. Superior Court</u> (1955) 44 C2d 574, "no trustee can properly act for only some of the beneficiaries--<u>he must represent all of them or he cannot properly represent any of them</u>." This Court has erred permitting Respondent Louie standing on the Petition to Invalidate.

### III. ERROR OF FACT: NO INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE DOROTHY HORWITZ FAMILY TRUST WAS INTRODUCED OR AUTHENTICATED AT TRIAL

At no time during the trial did any party with personal knowledge introduce an instrument alleged to be a verified original of an amendment to the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust. This Petitioner averred in the Petition and present at trial that a fraudulent and forged document was sent to him by the successor-trustee attorney Joe Ling four months after the death of Dorothy Horwitz. Respondent counsel Ling and Morrow produced the original of that fraudulent document – referred to as the 'adumdum' or 'addendum'. It was never admitted or authenticated as a amendment to the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust. It is an instrument of <u>fraud with the intent to deceive the beneficiaries by Respondent</u> and evidence of breach of duty: Cal Prob Code §16000, 16001(b), 16002, 16003, 16004, 16005, 16006, 16007, 16011, 16012, and 16014 among others.

The six page document, five pages of which had been sent to him by attorney Joe Ling four months after the death of Dorothy Horwitz and the other page a blank unfilled acknowledgement form revealed fifteen months later in discovery, had the stamped but no signature of a notary who

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allegedly witnessed its execution. The purported signatures of Dorothy Horwitz were smooth and flowing, who at the time seven days before her death could not make legible entries in her checkbook. It's typeface and formatting was foreign to any Dorothy had ever used. The person who hand printed "adumdum' lacked the capacity to read the proper spelling of 'addendum' typed one inch away on the document. The 'adumdum' gave Rose Aparicio, a fiduciary, confidant who deposed having transcribed the document exclusive access to the Horwitz home and "anything she wants". On its face, it is prima facie evidence of fraud, undue influence and lack of capacity.

Mr. Ling admitted the facts and time of sending the document from Long Beach to the Petitioner in Massachusetts. One signed page of the document has the word 'ADUMDUM' hand printed near the top of the page. There is no reference to the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust on that page or any of the other purportedly signed pages. It was produced and is prima facie evidence of Respondent successor-trustee Louie's breach of duty under §16000, 16001(b), 16002, 16003, 16004, 16005, 16006, 16007, 16011, 16012, and 16014 among others, including but not limited to breach of impartiality. The Family Trust had no interest or benefit in or from the 'adumdum'.

LASC RULE 3.205(b) states: Authentication. Unauthenticated documents will not be received in evidence unless their authenticity has been pleaded in the complaint and admitted by entry of default." The "Adumdum" was never admitted or plead as authentic, or admitted by default, nor was any evidence or testimony of authentication by an individual with personal knowledge of the drafting, transcribing or execution introduced at trial. The Court erred in finding the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust was amended in accordance with its terms or California law and precedent.

### IV. CLEAR ERRORS OF MATERIAL TRIAL FINDINGS OF FACT

- a. Attorney Joe Ling, brother-in-law of successor-trustee and Respondent Hoover Louie, is a de facto partner and co-located with trial counsel Margaret Morrow and Joseph Mirkovich at One World Trade Cetner, Long Beach, CA. (Trial M Order, P. 4, Lines 4-7)
- b. The POLST (P. Exhibit 12) NOT signed by Dorothy Horwitz. It is signed by POA Rose Aparicio and attending physician Dr. Khang on 11/12/13, prior to the purported date of execution of the 'adumdum' on 11/18/13. (Trial M Order, P. 6, Lines 9-11.)
- c. Petitioner Solomon never called Respondent Louie prior to Dorothy's death. He called

- Dorothy's next door neighbor, Edward Lui, (no relation to Respondent) who gave him Rose Aparicio's phone number. (Trial M Order, P. 5, Lines 12-13)

- d. Petitioner Solomon testified that he had no documents at trial related to his 2012 trip to the LDI Show in Las Vegas and California. However, Petitioner testified to meeting UNLV Prof. Brackley Frayer and discussing a retrospective of the art of Walter Horwitz and a scholarship in their name on that trip, officials and editors of Live Design, as well as other records to support his travel in 2012. (Trial M Order, P.5, Line 24)
- e. Petitioner contracted Lyme disease in the summer of 2014. (Trial M Order, P. 5, Line 11)

### FACTS AND LAW IF THE COURT HOLDS THE ADUMDUM WAS ADMITTED AS AN AMENDMENT

## V. ERROR OF LAW: LACK OF DUE EXECUTION - REGARDING THE INITIAL BURDEN OF PROOF OF THE DUE EXECUTION OF A WILL/TRUST INSTRUMENT

It is well-established law in California that the proponents have initial burden of proof of the due execution of a Will/Trust instrument. This is codified in Cal. Prob. §8252(a) and discussed at length in <a href="Estate of Ben-Ali">Estate of Ben-Ali</a>, 216 Cal.App.4th 1026 (2013). Neither the Respondent trustee Hoover Louie nor any of the alleged witnesses appeared at trial to authenticate any instrument of amendment to the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust. Respondent counsel testified that they had no personal knowledge of the documents prior to the her death. None had ever met Dorothy Horwitz.

# VI. ERROR OF FACT: AUTHENTICATION OF SIGNATURES - NO PERSON WITH PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE APPEARED AT TRIAL TO AUTHENTICATE ANY RELEVANT SIGNATURES

Respondents produced no testimony or witness with personal knowledge of the signatures of Dorothy Horwitz, notary Doris Tucker or any other relevant signor. Neither the Respondent trustee Hoover Louie nor any of the alleged witnesses appeared at trial to authenticate any instrument of amendment to the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust: All reside within 25 miles of the Mosk Courthouse and were available to appearance.

### VII. ERROR OF FACT: FRAUD, FORGERY AND SUBORNING PERJURY RELATED TO THE 'ADUMDUM" - CONTEMPT OF THE COURT BY RESPONDENT COUNSEL

The Court on Page 2, Lines 11-15 of its Minute Order of August 3, 2016 states:

"On November 18, 2013, the Trust was amended by way of an Affidavit and Addendum to the Trust (Court's Exhibit A) consisting of five pages. The first two pages are form documents with a

 notary stamp and a signature of "Doris Tucker Notary Public" on the signature line for a notary public."

The Petitioner avers in the Petition that the notary signature is fraudulent and was not affixed on November 18, 2013. No evidence or witnesses with personal knowledge were admitted at trial. No other examples of the signatures of Doris Tucker were presented.

Further, there is no evidence that the signature found in the jurat form document is that of Doris Tucker. Notary Tucker is a local California notary who was available to testify at trial.

Respondent attorney Ling testified at trial that he sent the beneficiaries and a form jurat without any notary signature.

Both Respondent attorneys Ling and Morrow testified that the jurat was <u>NOT</u> signed by the notary on November 18, 2013 as presented. They further testified that they had no personal knowledge of its signing.

The initial burden of proof of due execution and authentication lies with the proponents of the amendment (addendum). Notary Tucker is a local notary who was available to authenticate her signature. Respondent did not call her to testify. There was no evidence of any sort admitted to refute the averment that the Addendum documents are fraudulent, nor does the purported notary stamp, provide any evidence that notary Tucker witnessed the signing of said documents.

It is an improper notary act in California to present in any Court or official proceeding a notary document which has been altered after the date of the notary act (purportedly November 18, 2013), specifically to falsely date the completion of a notary act. Further, it is a criminal act to influence a notary to commit an improper act under Gov Code § 8225.

CA CIVIL CODE §1189(a)(1) -"The certificate of acknowledgment must be filled completely out at the time the notary public's signature and seal are affixed.".

CA SEC OF STATE: NOTARY NEWS & RULES 2013, Page 2 - "Improper Notary Acts -A notary public may not stamp a document with the official seal then sign, or sign and date the document without completing or attaching a notarial certificate. A notary public may not stamp with the official seal any pages other than the page with a completed notarial certificate."

In the Deposition of Doris Tucker, Pages 21-22, lodged and referred to in this Court during Summary Judgment, Ms. Tucker, questioned by attorney Morrow deposed:

"24 Q. Okay. Sometime after November 18th, were you25 called by Orit Shapiro in regards to a missing signature

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- on this document here which is marked HORW0042? 1
- 2 A. This is optional.
- 12 Q. Okay. But at some time did you later go back and
- 13 sign the document upon Orit's request?
- 14 A. I did.
- 15 MS. MORROW: Okay. I'll mark the five-page
- 16 addendum as Exhibit 2."

This Court is aware by separate uncontroverted affidavit signed by Orit Shapiro, Garden Crest administrator, and Respondent counsel Morrow that Ms. Shapiro attests that she did not call Ms. Tucker at a later date. Since attorney Ling sent the beneficiaries an unsigned copy of the original four months after Dorothy's death, the purported signing of the jurat would have to have occurred afterwards, long after Garden Crest's involvement.

A Cal <u>Jurat</u> requires the notary administer an oath to the affiant in person, and complete the notary act by personally signing and stamping the notary certificate at the same time. Failure constitutes an Improper Notarial Act as explicitly defined in official Notary Rules and Definitions, January, 2013, page 2:

"Proper notarization of a signature includes the completion of a notarial certificate, such as an acknowledgment or jurat, by the notary public. A notary public may not stamp a document with the official seal then sign, or sign and date the document without completing or attaching a notarial certificate. A notary public may not stamp with the official seal any pages other than the page with a completed notarial certificate.

According the Respondent's undisputed facts presented at Summary Judgment, the 'adumdum' documents were presented to trustee Louie by Rose Aparicio approximately one month after the death of Dorothy Horwitz.

It is a criminal act to influence a notary to commit an improper act under Cal Gov Code § 8225. If these criminal acts which are designed to defraud the beneficiaries of the Dorothy Horwitz Family were committed by successor-trustee Louie or his agents, it would be a material breach of duty. An attorney who attempts to or does mislead the court is guilty of direct contempt:

"The presentation to a court of a statement of fact kn." Vaughn v. Mun. Ct. (1967) 252 CA2d 348, 358, 60 CR 575, 581own to be false presumes an intent to secure a determination based upon it ..; Vickers v. State Bar (1948) 32 C2d 247, 253, 196 P2d 10, 13-14-"The conduct denounced . . . is not the act of an attorney by which he successfully misleads the court, but the presentation of a statement of fact, known by him to be false, which tends to do so"

Cal Bus Code §6068 states that an attorney must only counsel or maintain just actions or defenses, "except the defense of a person charged with a public offense." BP §6068(c)(d) embodies the duty of candor by stating that "employ ... those means only as are consistent with truth, and never to seek to mislead the judge . . . by an artifice or false statement of fact or law." This Court appears to condone the suborning of perjury of notary Doris Tucker, violations under Cal Penal §127, offering and preparing fraudulent evidence under Cal Penal §132 & §134, solicitation of a crime under Cal Penal §653f(a), and direct contempt of this Court regarding material and determinative facts. This Court and the beneficiaries have been deceived by this fraudulent Jurat.

### VIII. ERROR OF FACT: CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE IS THAT THE TWO ADDENDUM DOCUMENTS DO NOT RELATE TO ANY OF SIGNED PAGES OF THE ADUMDUM.

On its face, the purported original 'adumdum' pages bear the date "10/31/13" prominently on the top of each page. The jurat makes <u>NO REFERENCE</u> to this document date but rather to a document having a document date of '11/18/13" which is not found in the heading on any of the purported original 'adumdum' pages. Further, there was no testimony or evidence presented at trial which relates the three 'adumdum' pages together, each having a different heading appearing as a codicil, living trust and family trust respectively. The Affidavit only makes reference to a "Living Trust'. Evidence presented at trial showed that Dorothy never used the term 'Living Trust' in any of the letters, summaries or other documents produced by the trustee, always using the term "Family Trust". (Trial Pet. Exhibit 5)

The Jurat makes no reference to any Family Trust or document having a date of "10/31/13". It explicitly refers to a document having a date of "11/18/13" consisting of five pages.

The signed 'adumdum' page references no trust at all and appears more as a codicil to a will.

My Aunt Dorothy, an office manager and bookkeeper, was always specific and well-structured

in her personal notes, letters and personal summaries. At trial, no evidence was presented that

 $\label{lem:controlled} Do rothy\ drafted,\ instructed\ to\ be\ transcribed,\ or\ executed\ these\ fraudulent\ documents.$ 

# IX. ERROR OF LAW: UNDUE INFLUENCE – GENERAL STANDARD OF BURDEN OF PROOF & CAL PROBATE CODE §21380

In <u>David v. Hermann</u>, 129 Cal.App.4th 672 (2005)[28 Cal.Rptr.3d 622], the Court discussed at length the standards and law related to burden of proof in "undue influence".

"The proof of undue influence by circumstantial evidence usually requires a showing of a

number of factors which, in combination, justify the inference, but which taken individually and alone are not sufficient." (12 Witkin, Summary of Cal. Law (9th ed. 1990) Wills and Probate, ? 189, p. 218.)

"...a presumption of undue influence may arise, shifting to the proponent of the disposition the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the donative instrument was not procured by undue influence." (Conservatorship of Davidson (2003) 113 Cal.App.4th 1035, 1059.)... A presumption of undue influence "arises upon the challenger's showing that (1) the person alleged to have exerted undue influence had a confidential relationship with the testator; (2) the person actively participated in procuring the instrument's preparation or execution; and (3) the person would benefit unduly by the testamentary instrument." (Rice v. Clark, supra, 28 Cal.4th 89, 97; Estate of Fritschi (1963) 60 Cal.2d 367, 376.)

This Court admitted into evidence a POLST form, Exhibit 12 (P. 6. Line 8) which clearly shows that Rose Aparicio had power of attorney and was the 'Legally-Recognized Decisonmaker" on and after 11/12/13. (The 'adumdum' was purportedly executed on 11/18/13.). This confidential relationship was also supported by the testimony of Nicolas Sanchez, Rose Aparicio's grandson, who testified that Rose Aparicio was handling the 'adumdum'. In Summary Judgment, this Court received Respondent's evidence Rose Aparicio printed the 'adumdum' on Dorothy's printer and presented it to the successor-trustee thirty days after Dorothy's death. Under both well-established standards and CPC §21380, there is a presumption of fraud and undue influence shifting the burden of proof to the proponents of the 'adumdum', which may be overcome only by 'clear and convincing evidence.' No evidence of any sort was presented by the proponents at trial.

X. BREACH OF TRUST: UNDUE INFLUENCE, FRAUD, FORGERY & LACK OF CAPACITY: THE SUCCESSOR-TRUSTEE TO ENGAGED IN ACTIVITY ADVERSE TO THE INTERESTS OF THE NAMED BENEFICIARIES OF THE TRUST

In the context of the breach of duty of the successor-trustee, the Petitioner presented extensive evidence of the fraud, undue influence and lack of capacity related to the purported 'adumdum' documents including but not limited to:

- On November 18, 2013, Dorothy was a depdent adult under §21366, unable to provide
  for her personal needs and due to deficits in mental funcations had difficulty managing
  her own financial resources, or resisting fraud or undue influence..
- 2. Dorothy could not write or print legibly on and after October 31, 2013, as evidenced by the checkbook page, . The purported signatures could not be authentic or witnessed on November 18, 2013.

- 3. "Addendum" is spelled correctly on the computer-printed pages, but the person who performed the hand printing on the fraudulent documents could neither spell addendum correctly from memory, nor read the spelling on the page and repeat it on the same page. If the trier of fact attributes the hand printing to Dorothy, the inability to read and remember a single word is clear and conclusive evidence of an impairment of capacity to read and understand the instrument being signed.
- 4. Dorothy in all her known writings, letters and summaries referred to the trust as the "FAMILY TRUST" or :"DOROTHY HORWITZ FAMILY TRUST". At no time did Dorothy ever use the term "Living Trust". <sup>7</sup>
- 5. The typeface employed on the 'adumdum' page was never used by Dorothy. Readily apparent is the difference in the lower case 'a'.
- 6. The formatting of columns of numbers was importantly different: formal accounting structure column right on Dorothy's personal papers and summaries, but a writer's column left on the fraudulent adumdum pages.
- 7. The purported source of the Addendum, Rose Aparicio, was a fiduciary and confidant, who claims to have transcribed the Addendum and given it to the Respondent Trustee nearly a month after the death of Dorothy Horwitz. (See <a href="Estate of Swetmann (2000)">Estate of Swetmann (2000)</a>, 85 <a href="Cal.App.4th 807">Cal.App.4th 807</a>. (Respondent's Undisputed Statement of Facts, Summary Judgment, and Deposition of Rose Aparicio. The Court on Summary Judgment found that Rose Aparicio was new beneficiary of the "Adumdum".)
- 8. The Trustee knew and the Trial Court acknowledged the POLST document, Trial Exhibit 12, P. 6, Line 6-10, evidence that Rose Aparicio was a fiduciary, and that Dorothy's condition on 11/12/13 precluded Dorothy acknowledging the POLST. It was executed by the fiduciary Rose Aparicio and physician Dr. Khang. These facts established the 'adumdum', Rose Aparicio and her 'favorite' charity, ALSAC as disqualified recipients under Cal Prob Code § 21380.
- 9. The term 'addendum' is not the method of amendment permitted in the language of the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust; is not found in any of Dorothy's writings, and is not the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Trial Exhibit 5 (8 pages)

- term used in any of the self-help literature. It is not a term used by estate attorneys in California. It is a term used by shipping and insurance lawyers.
- 10. Dorothy adored her late husband Walter and she would never not honor his instructions to bequest his half of the Estate to their nephews, Murray and Dennis.
- 11. Dorothy adored her late husband Walter and she would never not honor his instructions to bequest the Cantor Pinchik papers, recordings and other heirloom Judaica and jewelry his half of the Estate to their nephews, Murray and Dennis.
- 12. At the time of Dorothy's passing, my Mother, Walter's sister, eight-nine years old, was alive, alert, and speaking with Dorothy every two weeks. They both adored Walter Horwitz. The decision to leave Walter's half of the Estate to her nephews was jointly made at the time of Walter's passing in 2007. Even if Dorothy was upset at her nephews (which she was not), she would bequest Walter's half of the Estate to my Mother. She would NEVER EVER bequest the Horwitz heirlooms, Judaica and art, to Rose Aparicio, ALSAC and any other party. (See "undue profit" in Estate of Sarabia(1990), 221 Cal.App.3d 599.)

These numerous inconsistencies and the absence of any evidence or testimony of witnesses where two are alleged, are prima facie evidence of lack of due execution, lack of authentication and. It is well-established law in California that the proponents have initial burden of proof of the due execution of a Will/Trust instrument. This is codified in Cal. Prob. §8252(a) and discussed at length in Estate of Ben-Ali, 216 Cal.App.4th 1026 (2013). Further, discussed below, Rose Aparicio, the "anything she wants" new beneficiary, is a disqualified person, subject to a presumption affecting the burden of proof that a gift to a disqualified person was procured by fraud, menace, duress, or undue influence." (*Graham v. Lenzi* (1995) 37 Cal.App.4th 248, 257.)

Neither the Respondent trustee Hoover Louie nor any of the alleged witnesses appeared at trial to authenticate any instrument of amendment to the Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust, controvert averments and evidence of undue influence by Rose Aparicio and lack of capacity of Dorothy Horwitz on November 18, 2013.

This Court erred in concluding the trustee Louie did not breach his duty to the Petitioner under Cal Prob. Code §16003 (impartiality), appearing as objector on behalf of the proponents of

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personal phone and address books, papers and photo albums; and by concealing evidence favorable to the named beneficiaries of the 2012 Dorothy Horwitz Family Trust.

the 'adumdum, impeding access to the Horwitz Estate objects of Judaica, jewelry, art, finances,

### XI. EVIDENCE OF SIGNATURE FORGERY

It is well-established and common knowledge among jurists familiar with document forensics that if one has control over the writing materials - paper, pen and printer, and knowledge of the forensic tools employed by document examiners, it is nearly impossible to distinguish between an original and a well-crafted forgery. This is the certainly the case here where the perpetrators of the forgery, attorney Ling and accountant Louie, had extensive experience with document forensics and over four months of unfettered access to the Horwitz home, papers, computer and printer before the presentation of the purported 'adumdum' four months later.

The deterioration of Dorothy's motor functions – her 'shaking hand' (Deposition of the notary Doris Tucker<sup>8</sup>), or the unsuccessful scrawl in her checkbook register on October 31, 2013, which required the intervention of her fiduciary Rose Aparicio to assume the responsibility of writing and recording Dorothy's checks are not reflected in three signatures allegedly executed on November 18, 2013 0- the adumdum, jurat, and affidavit. (See Trial Exhibit 10, Motion Exhibit 1.)

### UNDUE INFLUENCE - NO EVIDENCE OF PRIOR DONATIONS TO NEW CHARITIES

The only charities evidenced in the bank documents are a small amounts to American Heart Assc., American Lung Assc. and the L.A. Mission which was close to my Aunt Dorothy's place of employment. The bank records produced by Respondent in discovery include NO evidence that Dorothy ever donated to the American Lebanese Syrian Associated Charities (St. Jude's) or USC Children's Hospital. Catholic ALSAC with historic ties to the Croatian Ustasa is the most un-natural of beneficiaries for my Jewish Aunt Dorothy. USC Children's Hospital which is associated with the unsuccessful Brausen v Holonyne, LASC BC389984 litigation, is equally un-natural.

(It may be noted the Respondent counsel Morrow intentionally misleads the Court in its written memorandum asserting evidence of donations to St. Judes where none exists).

This Court erred in light of the uncontroverted testimony at trial and other evidence of Jewishness and ties to the U.S. Navy, by concluding that the elimination of all U.S. Veterans, Navy

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Lodged Deposition of Doris Tucker, P. 25, Line 2

and Jewish charities, and the substitution of Catholic ALSAC/St. Jude's as the sole donative recipient for the Judaica and Horwitz heirloom jewelry, and a majority funds was unnatural and evidence of undue influence on an elderly Jewish woman with a long-standing Jewish identity and heritage.

#### XIII. STANDARDS FOR PRO SE TRIALS

From: <u>HANDLING CASES INVOLVING SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS - JANUARY 2007 - CALIFORNIA JUDICIAL COUNCIL</u>

"The trial judge has a "duty to see that a miscarriage of justice does not occur through inadvertence." Lombardi v. Citizens Nat. Trust & Sav. Bank (1951) 137 Cal App.2d 206, 209, [289 P.2d 8231]."

"The judge cannot rely on the pro per litigants to know each of the procedural steps, to raise objections, to ask all the relevant questions of witnesses, and to otherwise protect their due process rights. Ross v. Figueroa (2006) 139 Cal.App.4th 856; 43 Cal. Rptr. 3d 289."

I. To decide cases fairly, judges need facts, and in self-represented litigant cases, to get facts, judges often have to ask questions, modify procedure, and apply their common sense in the courtroom to create an environment in which all the relevant facts are brought out.

II. In short, judges have found as a practical matter that a formalized, noncommunicative role in dealing with cases involving self-represented litigants can lead to serious decision-making problems. Without the additional facts that active judicial involvement brings to light, judges are at risk of making wrong decisions."

Lay opinion may be received on physical condition of health, sickness, or injury. <u>Waite v. Goodfrey</u> (1980) 106 Cal.App.3d 760, 764, 163 Cal. Rptr. 881, 883 and identification of handwriting. Cal Evid. Code § 1416; Fed. Rules Evid. 901(b)(2). Opinion testimony is not objectionable merely because it embraces the ultimate issue to be decided. Cal Evid. Code § 805; Fed. Rules Evid. 704(a).

### Cal Evid. Rule 1416 states:

"A witness who is not otherwise qualified to testify as an expert may state his opinion whether a writing is in the handwriting of a supposed writer if the court finds that he has personal knowledge of the handwriting of the supposed writer. Such personal knowledge may be acquired from:

(a) Having seen the supposed writer write; (TRUE) (b) Having seen a writing purporting to be in the handwriting of the supposed writer and upon which the supposed writer has acted or been charged; (TRUE) (c) Having received letters in the due course of mail purporting to be from the supposed writer in response to letters duly addressed and mailed by him to the supposed writer; (TRUE) or(d) Any other means of obtaining personal knowledge of the handwriting of the supposed writer. (TRUE)"

It is clear that if Petitioner's uncontroverted and readily verifiable evidence was admitted, a presumption of fraud and undue influence, and the burden of proof would shift to the Respondent.

#### XIV. PREJUDICE OF THE COURT

This Court erroneously and prejudicially: denied discovery motions ESSENTIAL to proving undue influence and the breach of trustee's duty to secure the Estate including requests for photo albums, personal papers, cards, address and phone books, pictures and listing content s of safe deposit boxes, pictures of art works and Judaica, and the identity of persons who receive items of the Estate after the death of Dorothy Horwitz from Rose Aparicio; Denied discovery motions related to the 'new' computer witness – Conrad Blinker – prejudicial to proving an alternation of evidence; and, persuaded Petitioner that a post-trial opposition memorandum was not necessary. This Court had personal and prejudicial knowledge of opposing counsel's role in the unlawful racketeering activities of the Chinese import-export businesses in Long Beach, facts presented in a preemptory challenge denied on June 9, 2016.

### XV. DANGEROUS PRECEDENTS & SUMMARY

The August, 2016 Order is a dangerous precedent which reopens to door to trustee, fiduciary and confidant fraud and larceny. It condones a sole trustee representing proponents of a deathbed instrument adverse to the Family Trust beneficiaries on the most specious grounds, obstructing of discovery, concealing evidence, and forcing the legitimate beneficiaries into costly litigation to assert their rights. It is so contrary to California Law and precedent as to appear to be obtained by the coercion or corruption of the Court.

To my 92 year old Mother, who spoke with Dorothy every few weeks, this fraud is absolutely transparent: Dorothy would never, dead or alive, step into the Pacific Ocean of her 'adored husband' Walter Horwitz, having abrogated her oath to protect and bequeath the Horwitz art, Judaica, heirlooms and half the monetary value of the Estate to their nephews, Murray and Dennis Solomon; a truth well understood by those family and friends, from our Rabbi and clergy, Under-Secretaries of Defense, Chairs of renowned medical schools of recent visit. May God have mercy upon your souls.

Respectfully submitted on September 6, 2016,

Dennis J. Solomon

DENNIS SOLOMON, Petitioner, pro per

		EXHIBIT LIST
3		TRIAL EXHIBITS 1- 55 LODGED WITH THE COURT
4	1.	HORWITZ FAMILY HISTORY
5		Cantor Pierre Pinchik, Milken Archive 2015, Great Cantorial Concert Great-Grandparents 50 <sup>th</sup> , The Jewish Advocate, July 29, 1934
6		"Above & Beyond" – Nancy & Stephen Spielberg, TWA, Israel "Touro Synagogue, Torah Bells"
7		Walter Horwitz , Blue Jacket Manuel 1940, Walter Horwiz, Self-Portrait, Temple Peacock
9		Prof. Nancy Aleo, MassArt, discussed retrospective of alumus Walter Horwitz Prof. Herbert Lin, Stanford U, NAS, MIT 73
10	2.	DENNIS SOLOMON SPECIAL RELATIONSHIP WITH AUNT DOROTHY
12		"Success of nephew in the ocean oriented sports 'garment' trade Holly Bra was a swimwear manufacturer.
13	3.	DENNIS SOLOMON PROFESSIONAL EXHIBITS
14		Expertise as an analytical microscopist and trajectories  Expertise in computers
15		Expertise in biomedicine
16	4.	, , ,
17		<ul> <li>-Article 5.3 Bequest of Horwitz Estate to Murray and Dennis Solomon, nephews;</li> <li>Nicolas Sanchez and Charities according to Schedule B</li> </ul>
18		-Article 3.1 Method of Amendment, Irrevocable After Death -Article 6.19 Trustee Liability
20	5.	INTRODUCTION TO DOROTHY HORWITZ – OFFICE MANAGER
21		("FAMILY TRUST") H-0002 "Family Trust" Letter, 4/19/12
22		H-0189 "Family Trust" Letter, 4/3/12 H-0136 "Family Trust" Letter, 8/9/12
23		H-0029 "Family Trust" Letter, 8/21/12
24		H-0038 "Family Trust" Letter, 8/21/12 H-0204 "Family Trust" Envelope, 9/4/12
25		H-0226 "Family Trust" Envelope, no date H-0176 "Family Trust" Stocks, 6/20/13
26	6.	THREE SEPARATE PAGES OF THE FRAUDULENT ADUMDUM
27		"Adumdum'; 'Living trust'; Forged 'family trust' – Document date: "10/31/13"

- Panana	7. TOCKER - ORTI SHAPIRO DECLARATION & DENIAL AS SUBSCRIBING WITNESS
	8. TUCKER UNSIGNED NOTARY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT & JURAT
2	Notary Tucker refused to sign based on Dorothy's refusal to acknowledge.
ء ا	Affidavit addresses on the "Living Trust'
3	Jurat Document Date is: "11/18/13", no reference to "10/31/13"
4	Juliu Document Dute 13. 11/15/15 , no reference to 10/51/15
	9. TUCKER JURAT SIGNED SOME TIME AFTER 3/18/14
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	Notary Tucker Dep "Morrow suborning notary Tucker to affirm Orit Shapiro as Requester"
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7	10. DOROTHY HORWITZ CHECKBOOK PAGE "10/31/13"
	Last attempt to print "Garden Crest", most by Rose Aparicio
8	Couldn't have printed the headings "Dorothy Horwitz 10/31/13"
	on the three addendum pages
9	-Signed JURAT
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7.0	11. DOROTHY MEDICAL RECORDS
11	Highly drugged with morphine, hydromorphone (opiods) and Lorazepam (anxiety);
	a dangerous combination causing death by the depression of respiration.
12	a duligerous combination duality are depression of respiration
13	12. ROSE APARICIO POA EXECUTED BY DR. KHANG ON 11/12/13- FIDUCIARY
10	In addition to fiduciary relationship regarding finances, home and influence
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	POLST was formally executed prior to the purported signing of the addendum on 11/18/13.
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1,	13. ROSE APARICIO DEP. P.14-15 — PRINTED ADDENDUM ON DOROTHY'S COMPUTER
16	'Transcribed or caused to be transcribed the instrument of donative transfer to herself"
17	Prohibited person under Sec. 21380, (See adumdum, St. Jude's for drafting evidence.)
18	14. ROSE APARICIO DEP. P.41 – GAVE TO TRUSTEE LOUIE AFTER DOROTHY DIED
	Describes going back until about a month after Dorothy died.
19	Prohibited person under Sec. 21380, (See adumdum, St. Jude's for drafting evidence.)
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	15. ROSE APARICIO DEP. P.28 – SAFE DEPOSIT BOX KEYS TO TRUSTEE LOUIE
21	"I had no keys, keys went to trustee Louie
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22	16. LOUIE RESPONSE TO SPECIAL INTEROGS
23	"Three safe deposits boxes only contained 7 stock certificates"
	Timee safe deposits boxes only contained 7 stock certificates
24	47 DOCE ADADICIO DED D 20 CENT DUOTOC TO HED DECT EDIEND "ADELE"
	17. ROSE APARICIO DEP. P. 29 – SENT PHOTOS TO HER BEST FRIEND – "ADELE"
25	"Refuses to provide the address of Aunt Dorothy's Best Friend"
26	
_	18. ROSE APARICIO DEP. P.34, 26, 22, 35 JEWISH & RELATIONSHIP WITH FAMILY
27	Page 34, 'Of course, Dorothy was Jewish."
	Page 26. 'She adored him (Walter)."
28	Page 22, "She said she called you (Dennis) as soon as she was diagnosed"
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